

MASTER WARRANT OFFICER ROBERT P. DONOHUE
US Army, Retired



MW4 Robert Donohue was drafted into the Army in 1957 from New York City and completed Infantry Basic Combat Training and Advanced Individual Training at Fort Benning, Georgia. Training was followed by his initial duty assignment with the 6th Infantry Regiment, Berlin, Germany in October 1957.

Donohue was promoted to Master Sergeant in Military Occupation Specialist 96B Intelligence Analyst in February 1969. He was appointed a Warrant Officer in April 1970 in Ismir, Turkey, and his initial assignment was to the Office of the G2, Headquarters VIII Corps, Stuttgart, Germany.

MW4 Donohue served tours in Berlin, Bamberg, and Stuttgart, Germany, and in Turkey. He also served with the 1st Cavalry Division in Korea in 1960, again with the 1st Cavalry Division in Vietnam in 1968, and at the American Embassy in Warsaw, Poland, from 1975-1978. Stateside tours included Reserve Officer Training Corps (ROTC) duty at Hofstra University in Hempstead, New York, and assignments at Forts Monmouth, Holabird, and Meade. He also spent one year at the Defense Language Institute (DLI) where he graduated with credit in two languages, Polish and German.

MW4 Donohue had three tours with the US Army Intelligence Center. From 1973-1974, he was the last Officer-in-Charge at Fort Holabird, Maryland, responsible for moving the Investigative Records Repository to Fort Meade. At Fort Huachuca, Arizona, from 1978-1980, he was in Combat Developments and authored TRADOC Pamphlet 525-1, *The Army Tactical Intelligence Concept*.

He returned to Fort Huachuca in 1981 and remained at the US Army Intelligence Center until his retirement in 1991. During this time, he was directly involved in the development of "Think Red," the first computer-assisted instruction designed to assist in the education and continued development of personnel engaged in all-source intelligence analysis. His superior knowledge of Soviet organization, equipment, and tactics directly influenced the successful completion of this project and its implementation as an Army-wide training program.

As the Warrant Officer Training Manager, MW4 Donohue was responsible for implementing the Systems Approach to Training for all entry and senior level MI

Warrant Officer courses. His analysis of the skills needed by MI warrant officers and the implementation of training to develop those skills led to a measurable increase in the technical and tactical proficiency. He developed the first Individual Training Plan for MI warrants and was also responsible for designing the program of instruction for Reserve Component Soldiers, a unique design to fit the training cycle of the Reserve forces.

MW4 Donohue also was the MI representative to the Total Warrant Officer Study Group, which developed the Warrant Officer Personnel Management and Training System for the Army.

While service as the Warrant Officer Training Manager, MW4 Donohue was selected to be the first MI Master Warrant Officer on 8 December 1988. *[The establishment of the Master Warrant Officer Four rank was approved in April 1988. The Chief Warrant Officer Five rank was not established until December 1991 as part of the Warrant Officer Management Act.]*

MW4 Donohue retired from the Army in 1991. His awards include the Bronze Star (1 Oak Leaf Cluster), Meritorious Service Medal (1 Oak Leaf Cluster), air medal, Joint Service Commendation Medal (1 Oak Leaf Cluster), Army Commendation Medal (3 Oak Leaf Clusters) and the Army Achievement Medal.

MW4 Donohue was inducted into the Hall of Fame in 1994.



MW4 Donohue receives his Knowlton Award from MI Corps Association President John Black at the 1994 Hall of Fame Ceremony.